

Global Warming Caused By Increased Absorbed Solar Radiation

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NCAR



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Outline

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- Science Questions

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- Background / Expectations

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- Evolution of Simulated Global Budgets

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- Processes?

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- Implications

Our Questions: What Drives Simulated Climate Change?

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Set I: Immediate / Specific

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Set 2: General

- Why has the inter-model spread of simulated climate sensitivity remained so large in successive model generations?
- Do meaningful observational proxies of sensitivity exist?

Our expected view of Climate Change



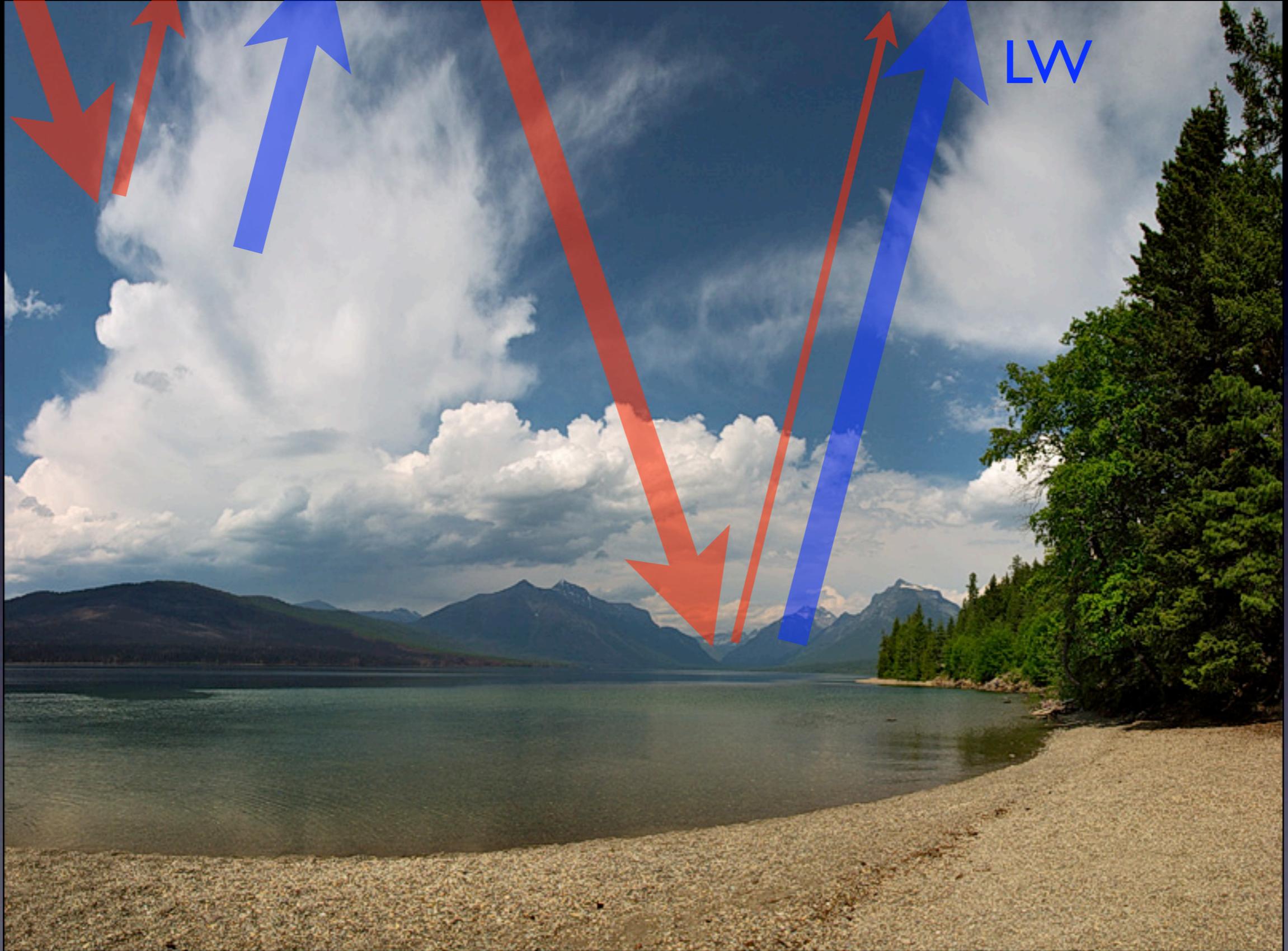
Our expected view of Climate Change

SW



Our expected view of Climate Change

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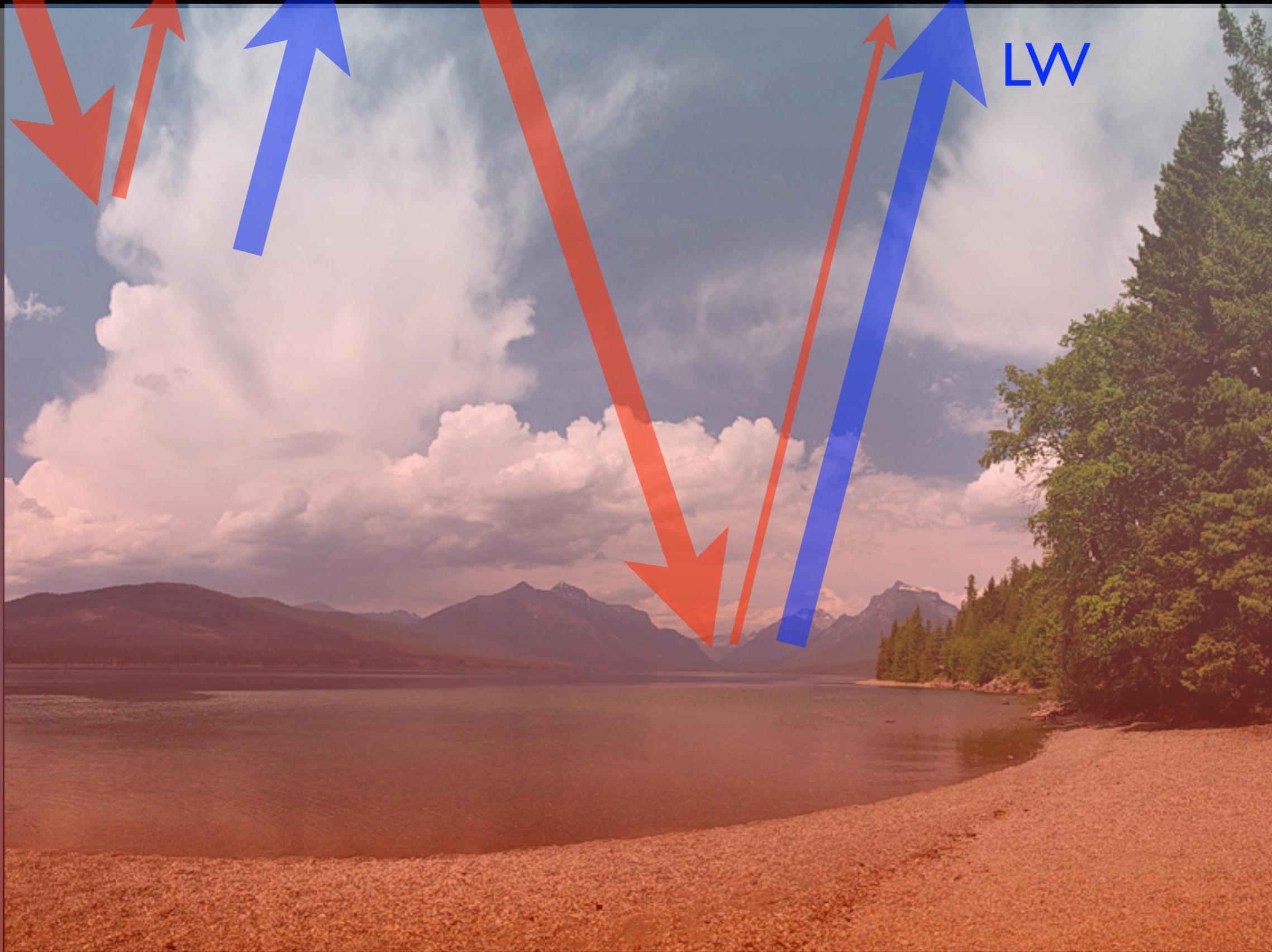


LW

Our expected view of Climate Change

SW

LW



Warming

Our expected view of Climate Change

SW

LW

Moistening

Warming



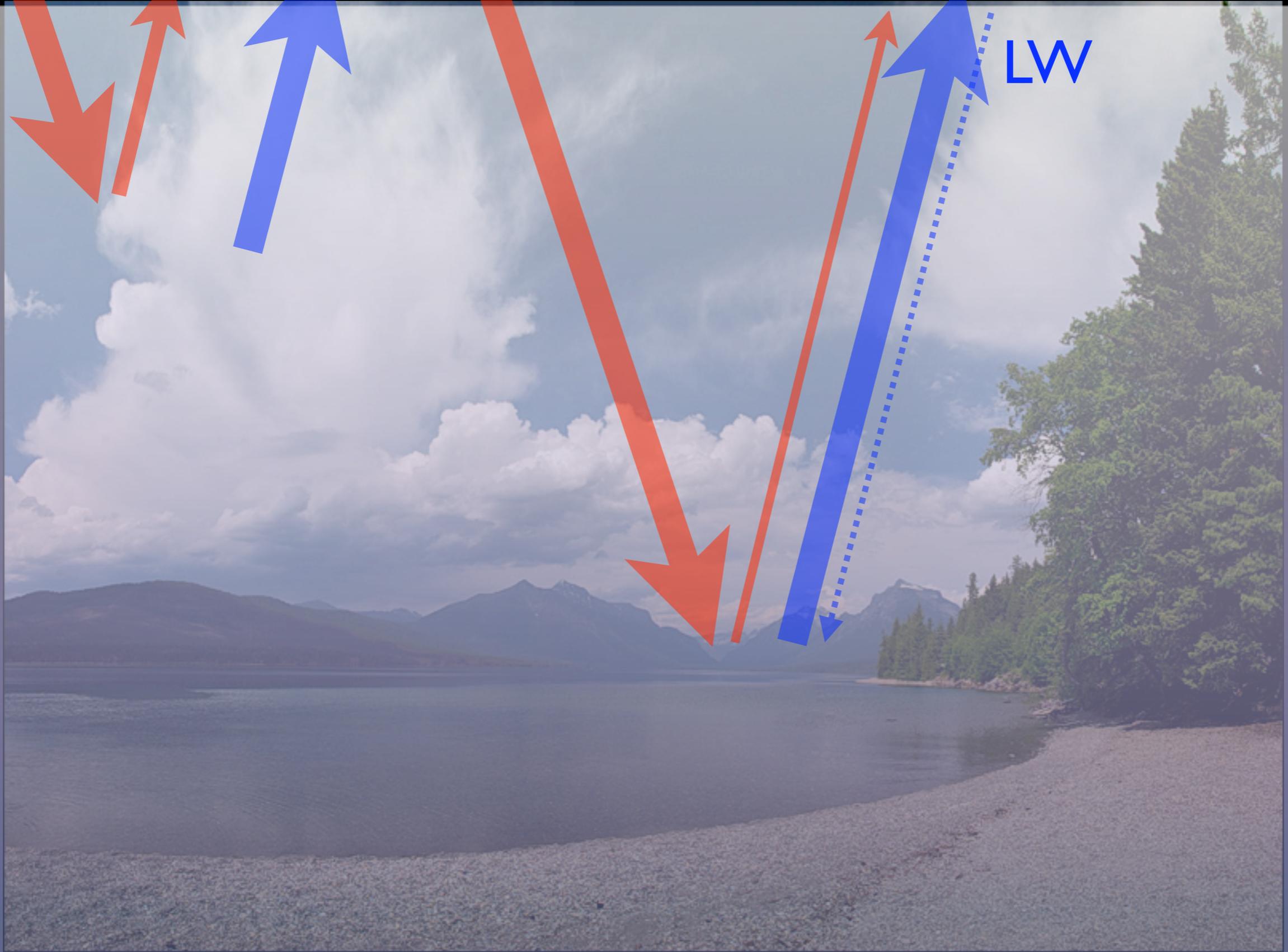
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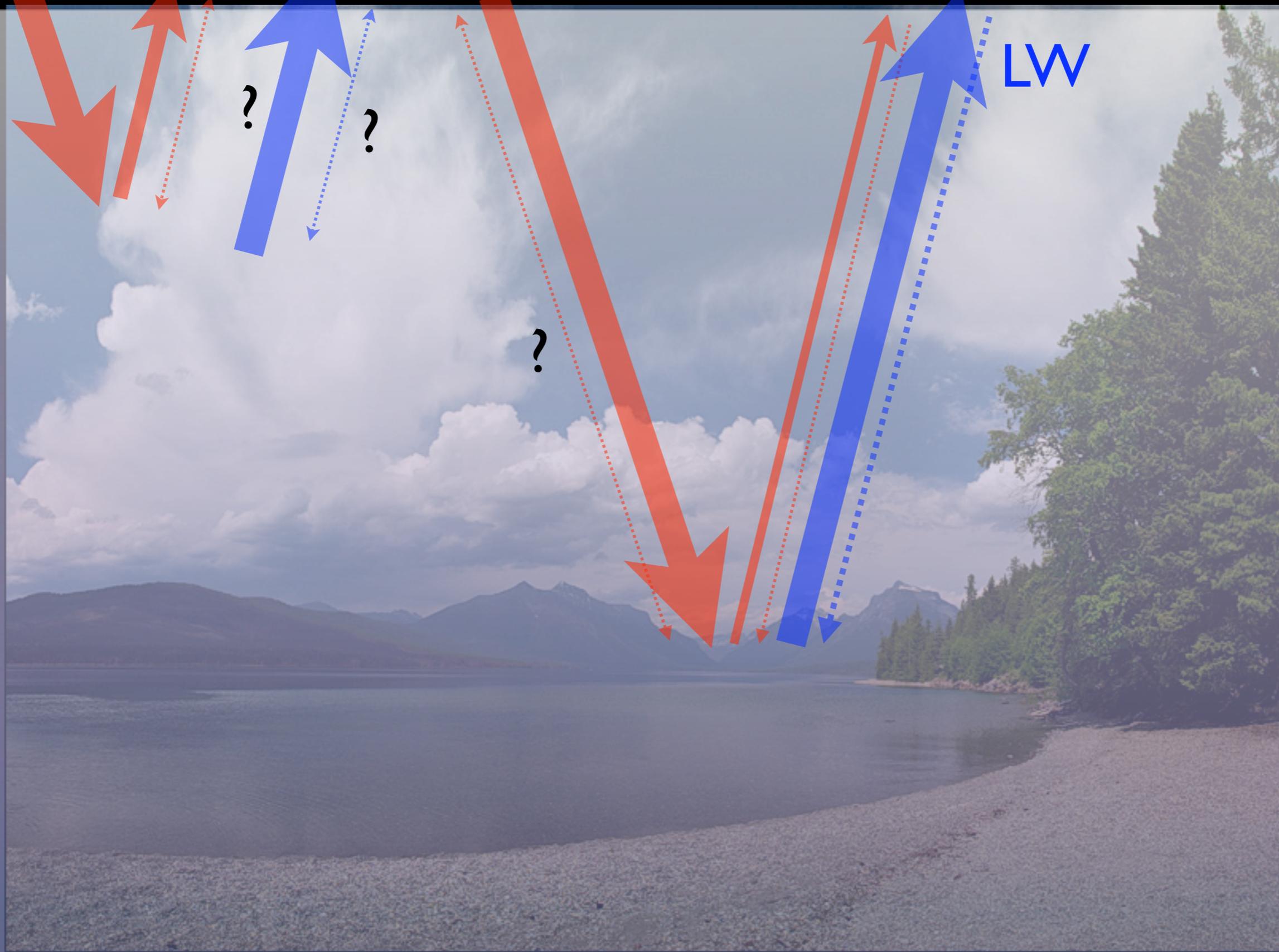
Our expected view of Climate Change

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Our expected view of Climate Change

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Other expectations

Moistening

Warming

Our expected view of Climate Change

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Other expectations

1) relative humidity is constant

Our expected view of Climate Change

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Other expectations

- 1) relative humidity is constant
- 2) low clouds dominate cloud feedbacks and differentiate model sensitivity

Our expected view of Climate Change

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Other expectations

- 1) relative humidity is constant
- 2) low clouds dominate cloud feedbacks and differentiate model sensitivity
- 3) greatest warming is at high latitudes

Moistening

Warming

The CMIP3 Archive

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- 24 coupled simulations spanning the 20th and 21st centuries from 18 modeling centers
- SRES-A1b

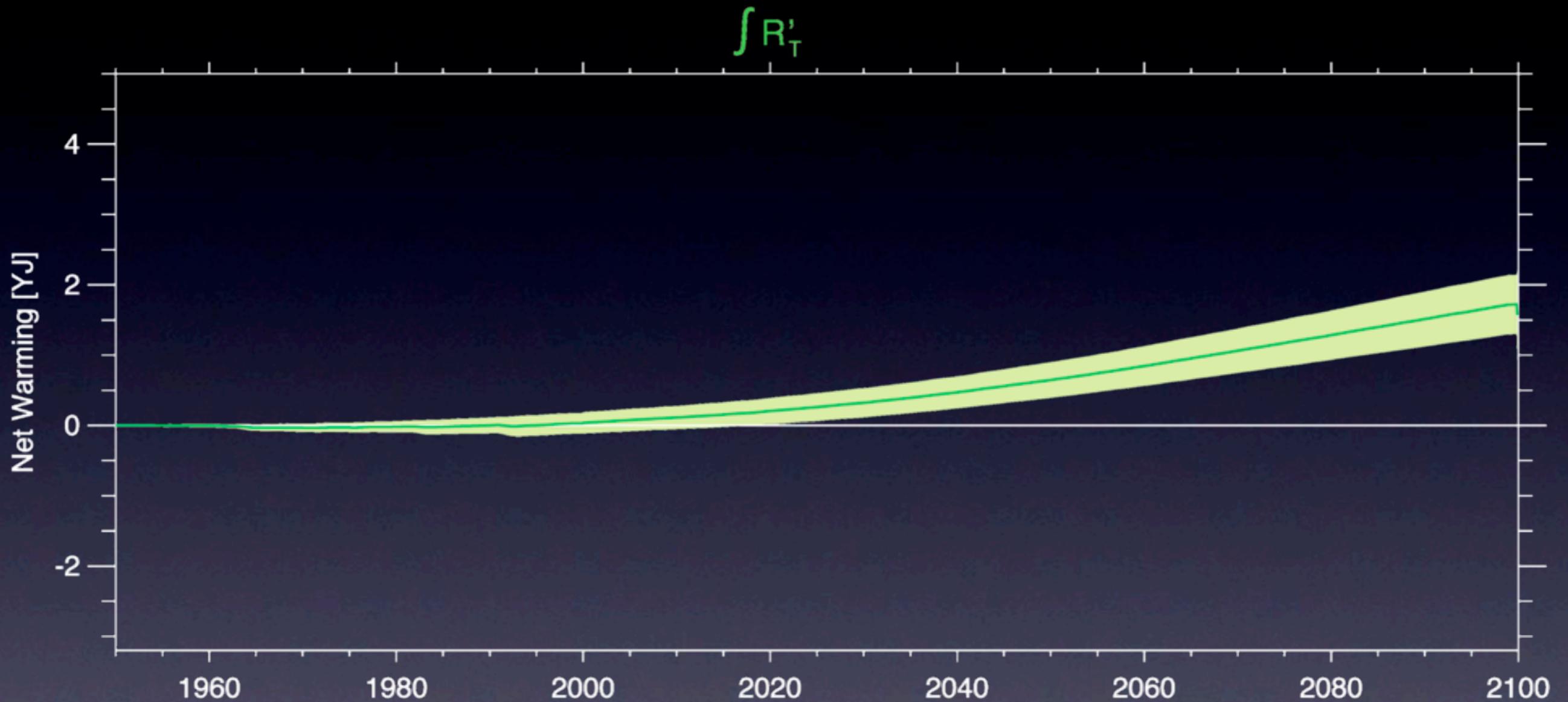
The CMIP3 Archive

- 24 coupled simulations spanning the 20th and 21st centuries from 18 modeling centers
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- Excluded simulations that include flux corrections, large errors in the atm budget or in the archive.

The CMIP3 Archive

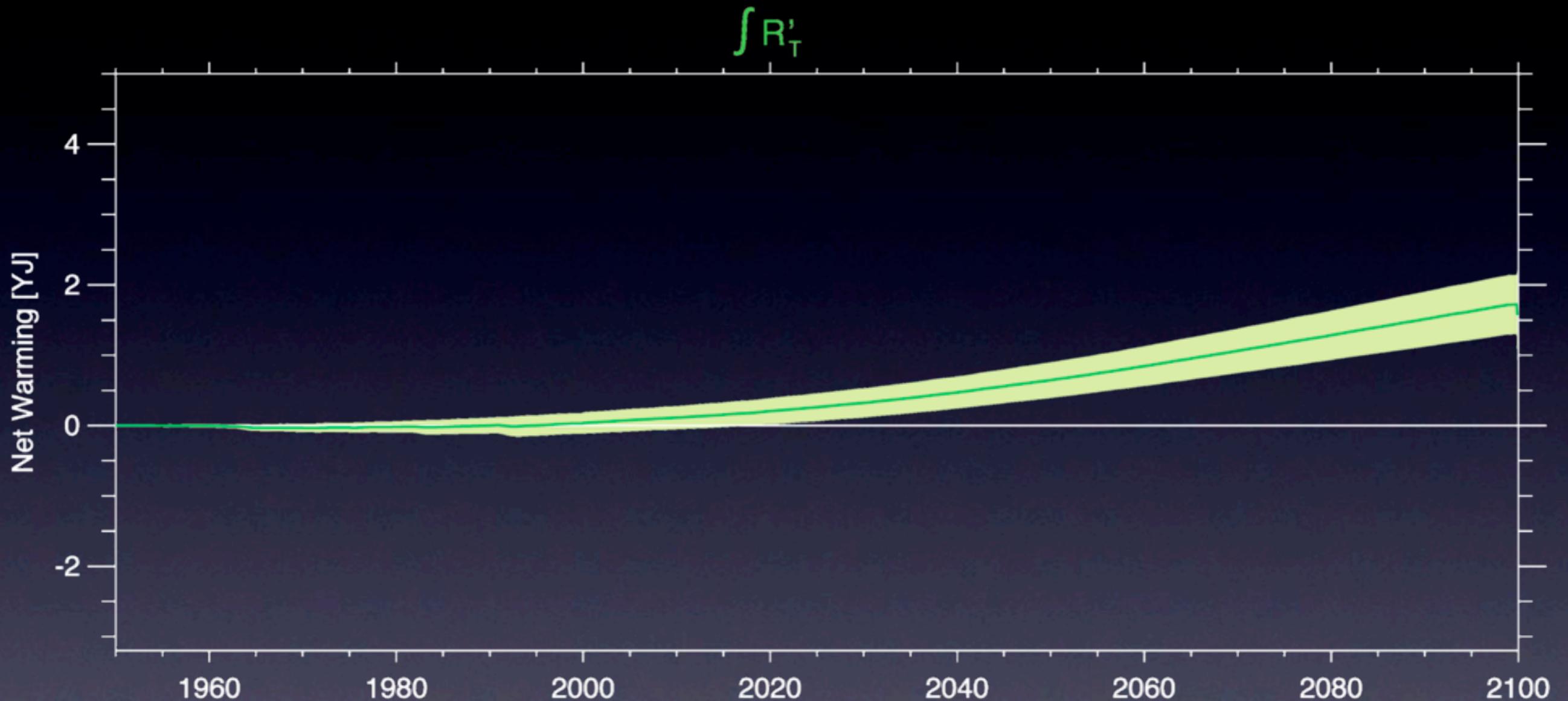
- 24 coupled simulations spanning the 20th and 21st centuries from 18 modeling centers
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- Excluded simulations that include flux corrections, large errors in the atm budget or in the archive.
- This leaves us with 13 simulations.

The Planetary Imbalance



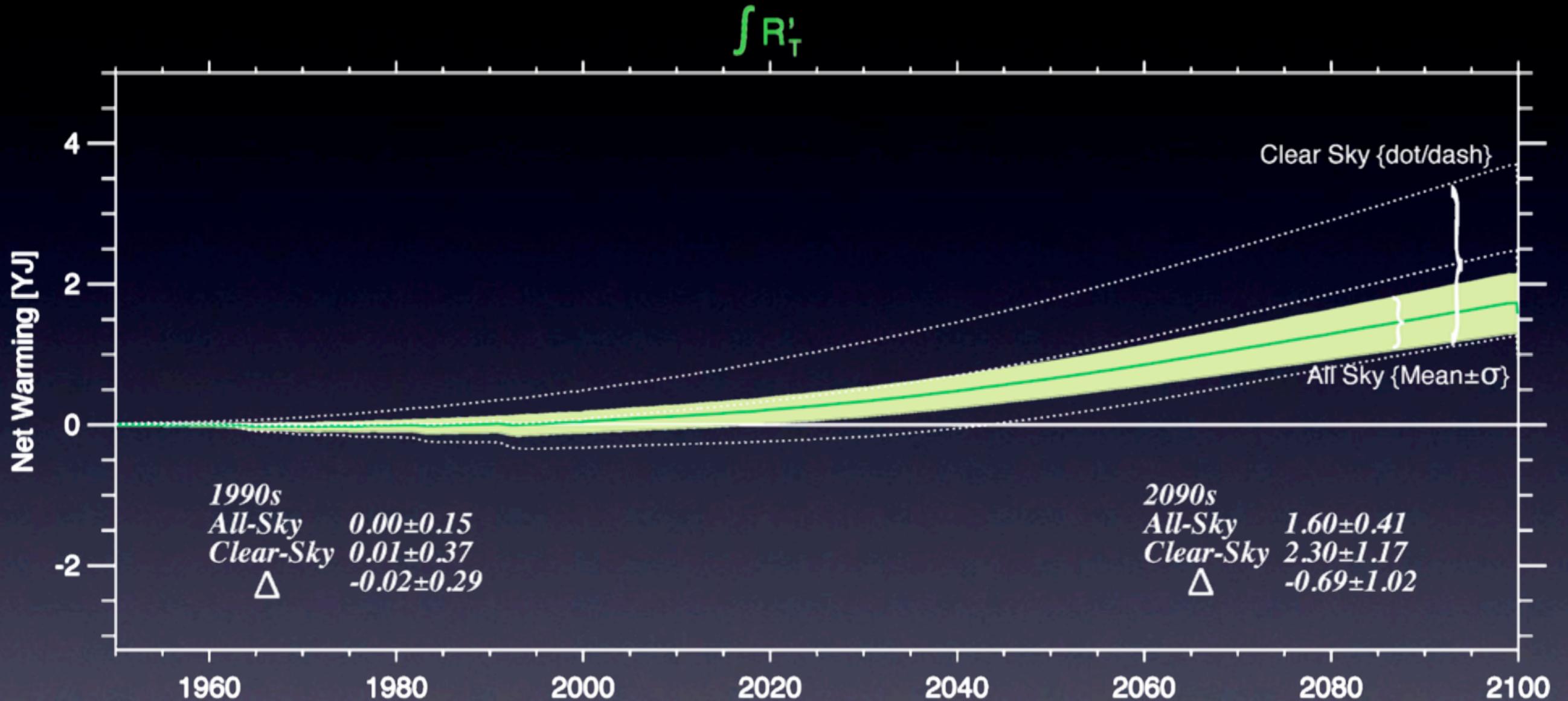
- Net planetary imbalance increases through the 21st century

The Planetary Imbalance



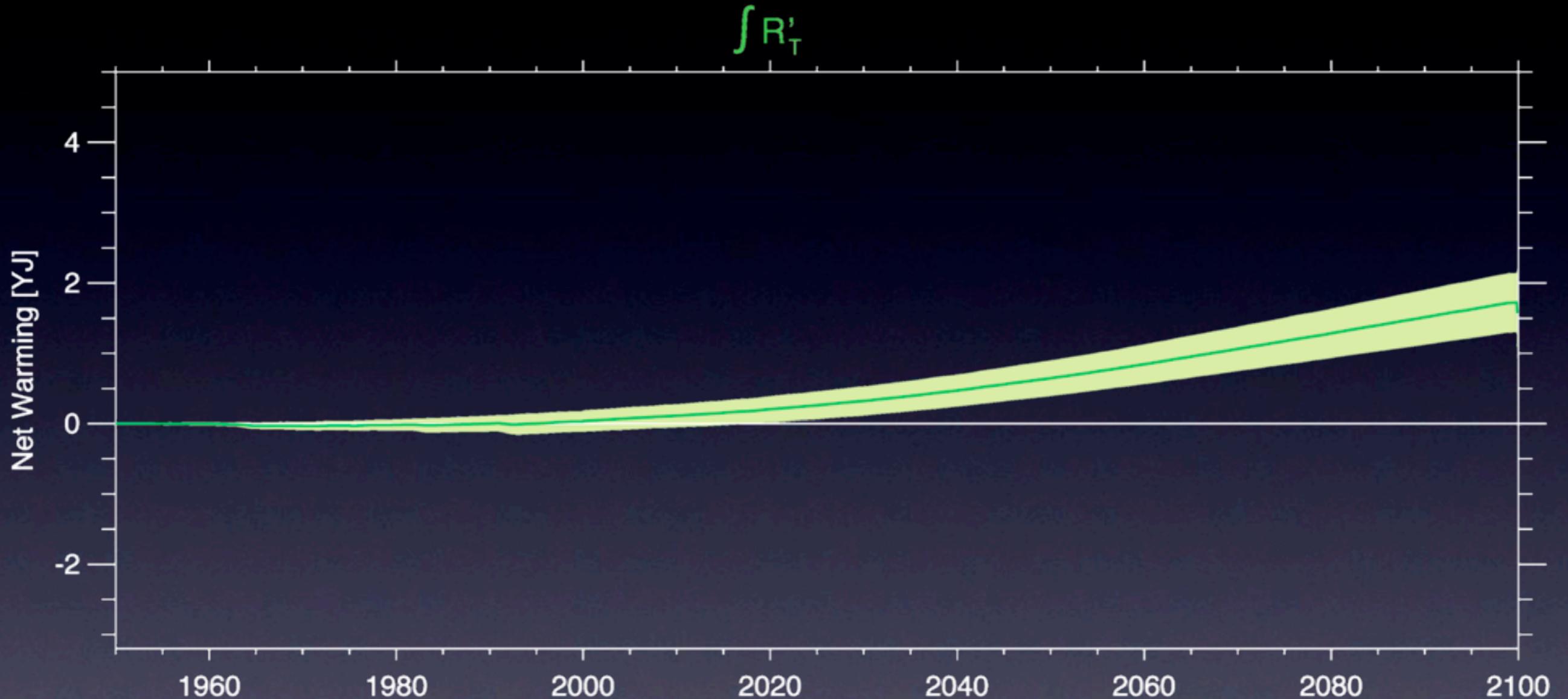
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The Planetary Imbalance



- Net planetary imbalance increases through the 21st century
- Clouds lessen the imbalance. (Mean State - Not feedback!)

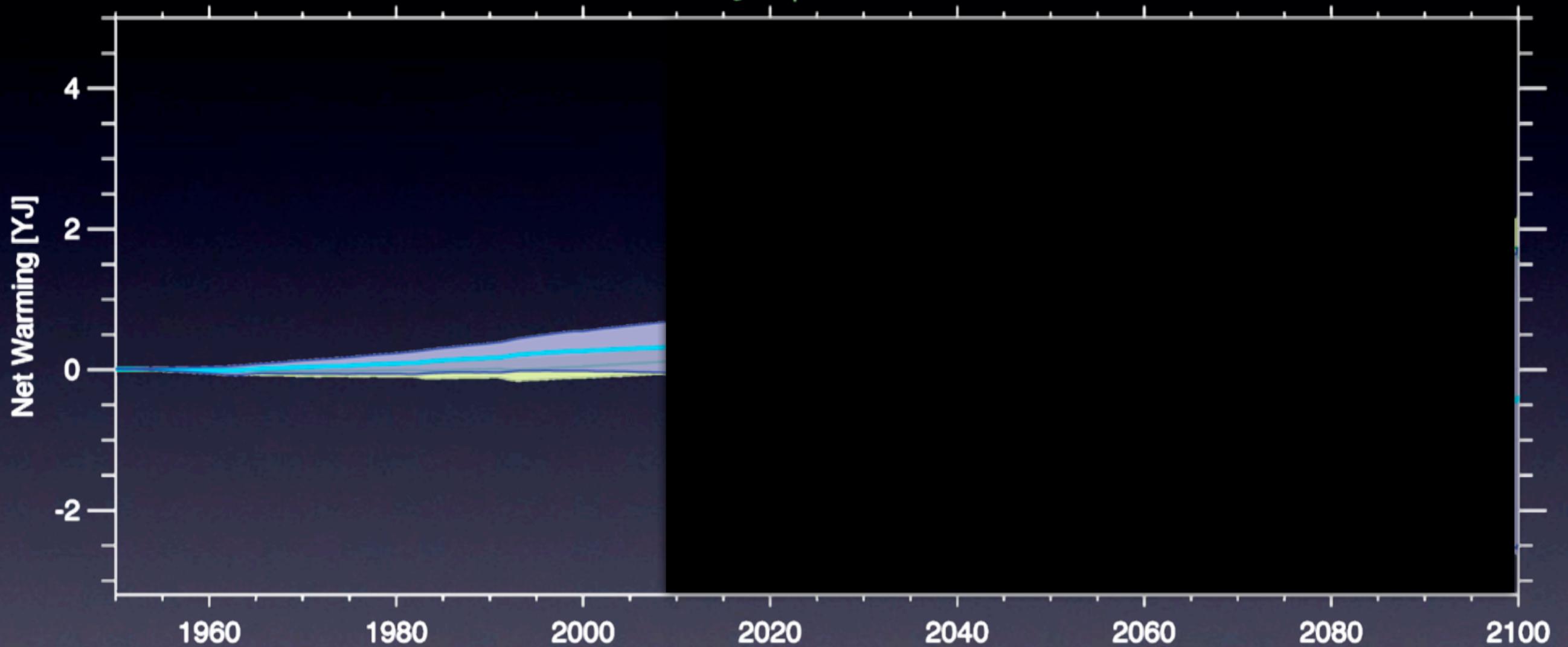
The Planetary Imbalance



- Current imbalance is $\sim 0.8 \text{ W m}^{-2}$
- Late 21st century imbalance is $\sim 1-2 \text{ W m}^{-2}$ and begins to decline

The Planetary Imbalance

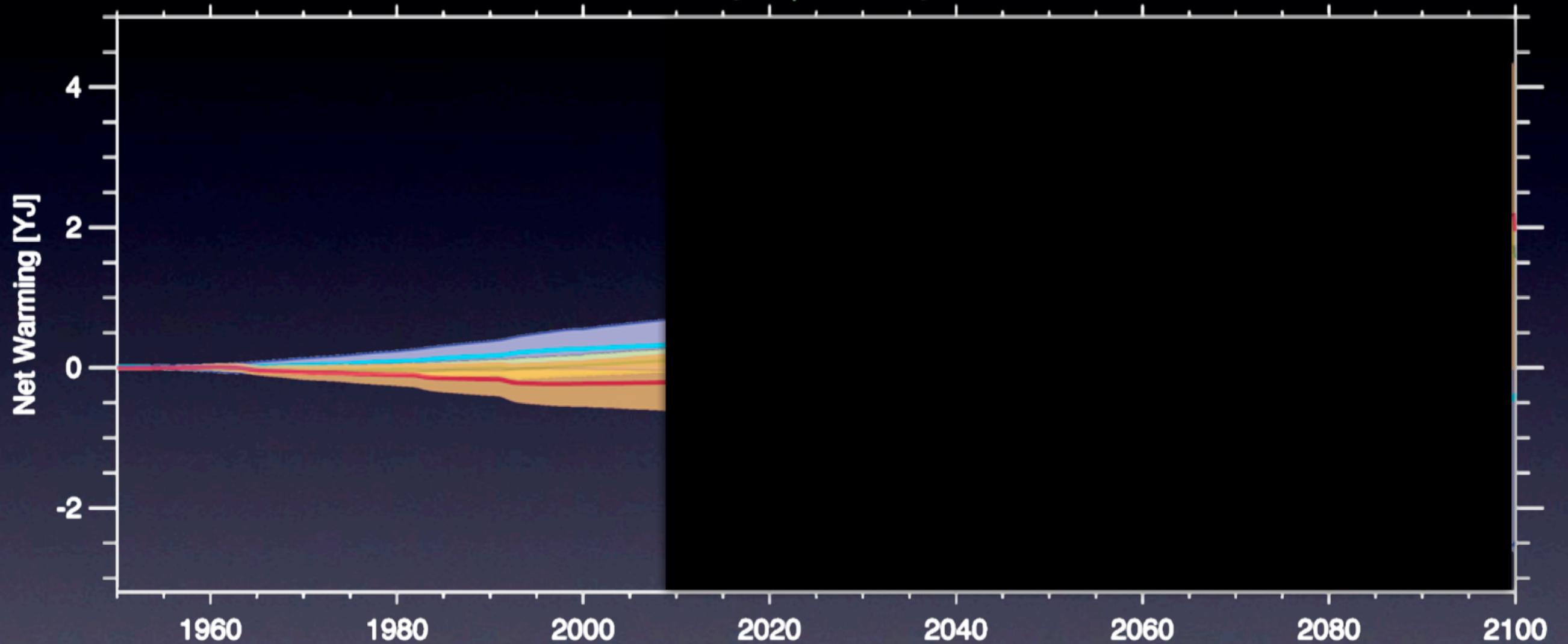
$$\int R_{\top}' - \int \text{OLR}'$$



- In current climate OLR' heat the planet. Aerosols cool it.

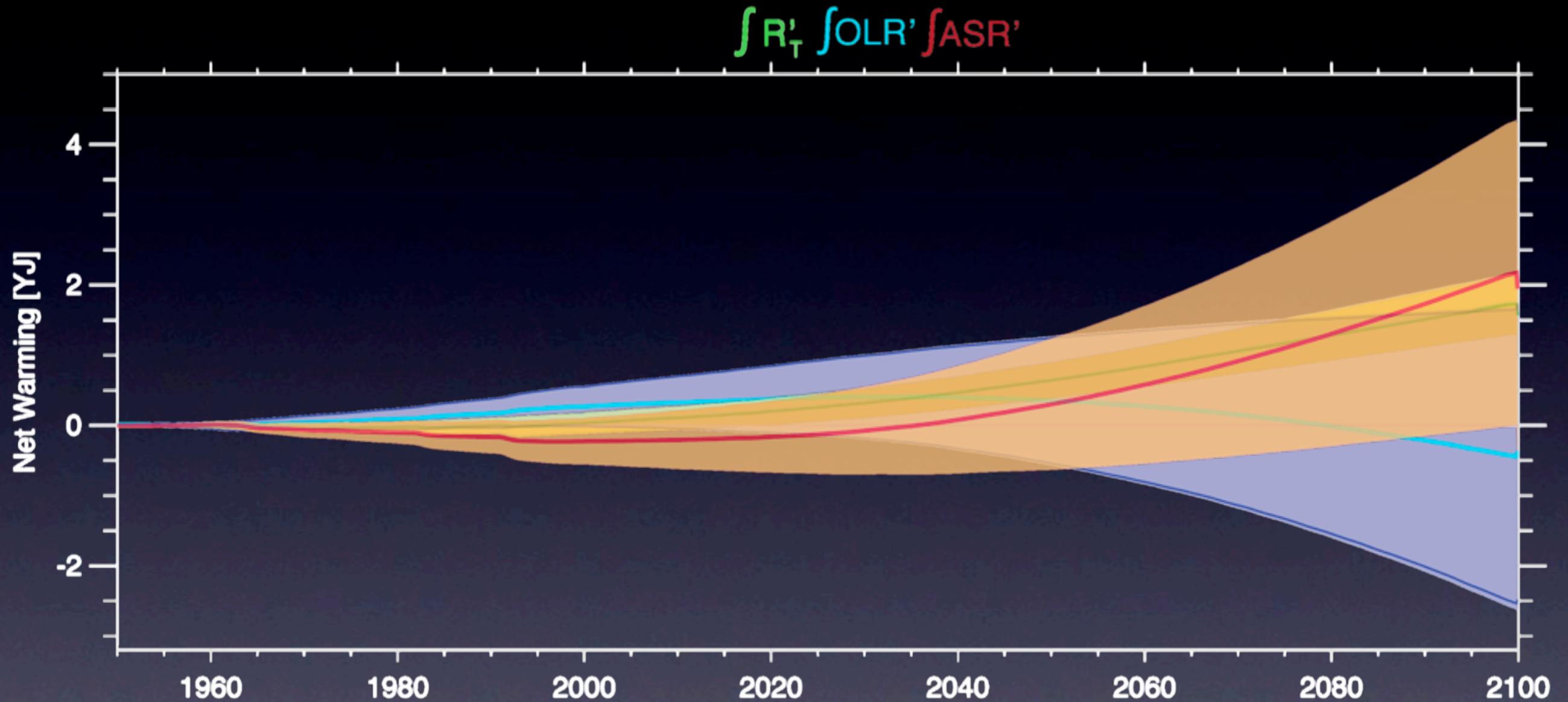
The Planetary Imbalance

$$\int R'_T \int OLR' \int ASR'$$



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The Planetary Imbalance



- In current climate OLR' heat the planet. Aerosols cool it.
- Feedbacks in ASR drive the imbalance after 2100 and to equil.

What regions and processes are suggested?

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OLR

lapse rate feedback?

water vapor feedback?

cloud feedback?

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OLR

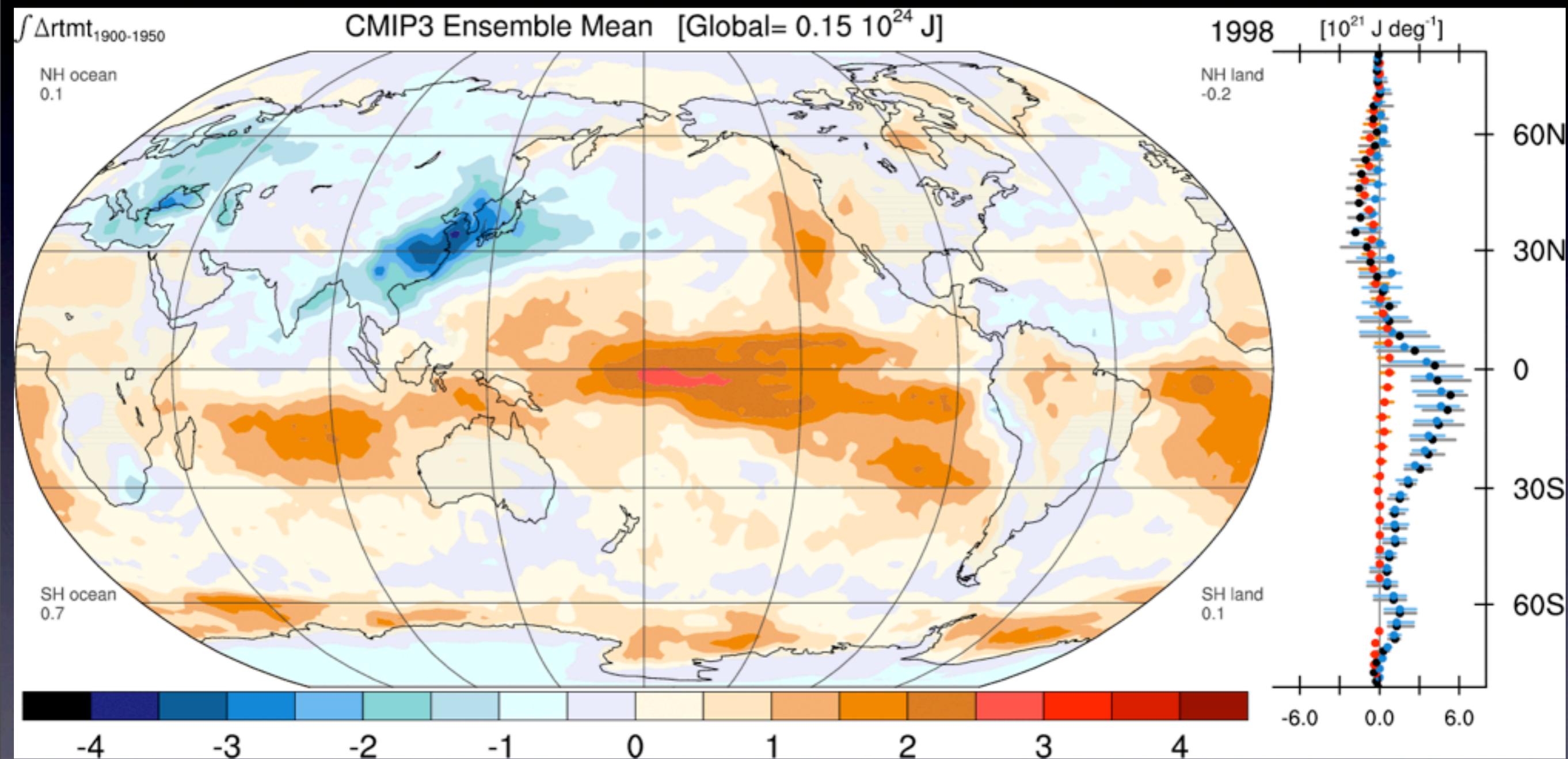
lapse rate feedback?
water vapor feedback?
cloud feedback?

ASR

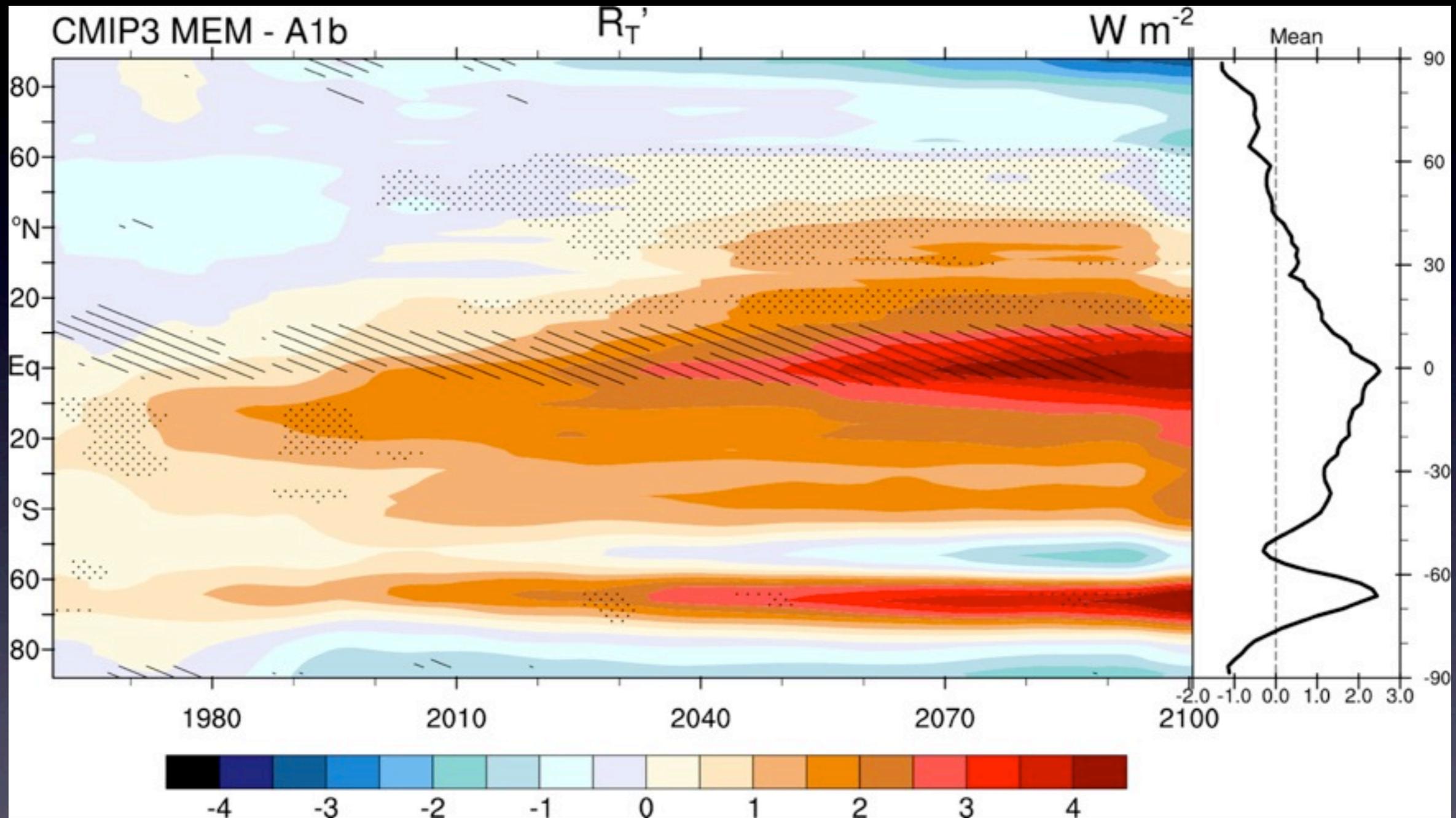
ice albedo feedback?
cloud feedback?
land snow feedback?
aerosol forcing?

Regional Structure

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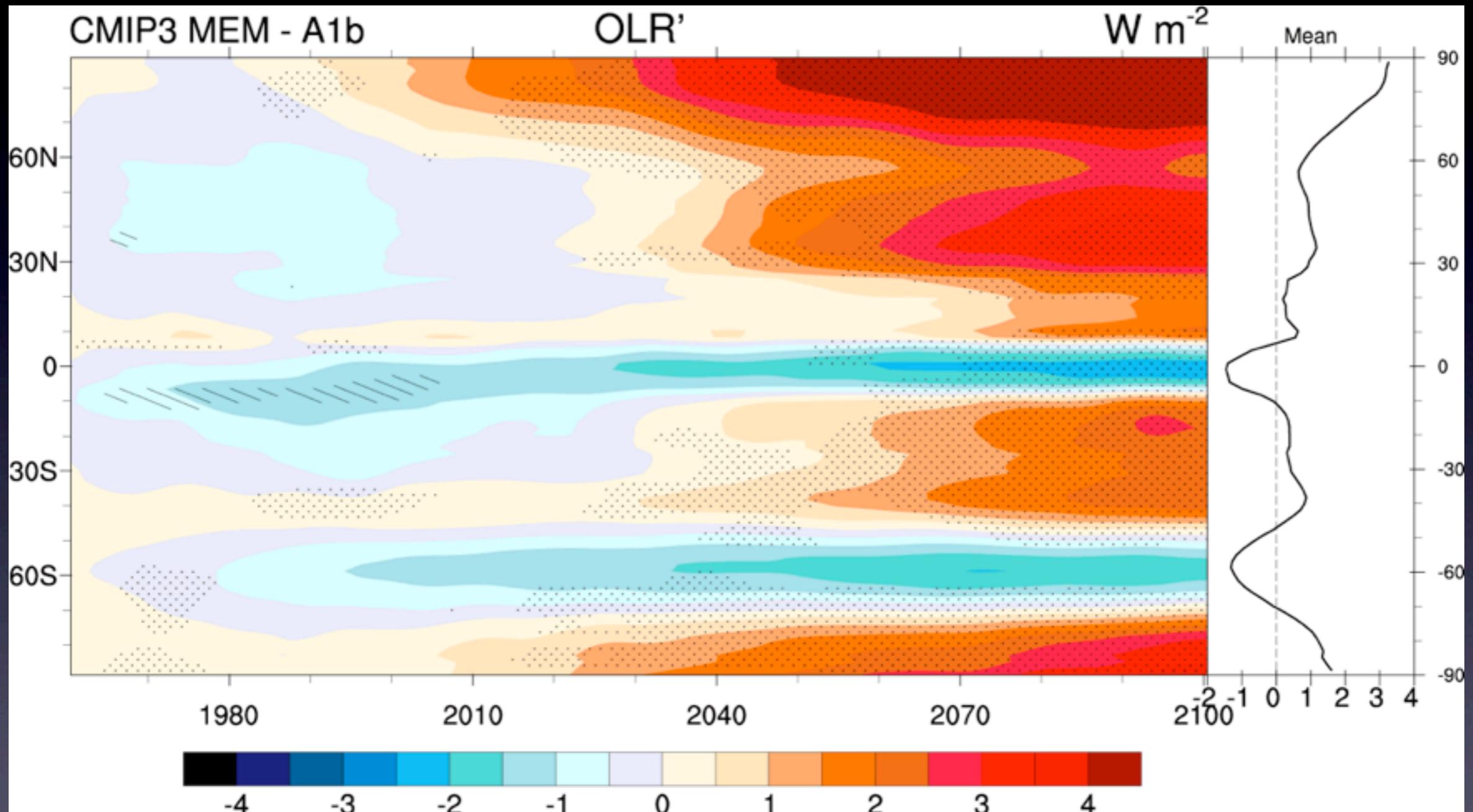


Lat/Time Structure of the Imbalance



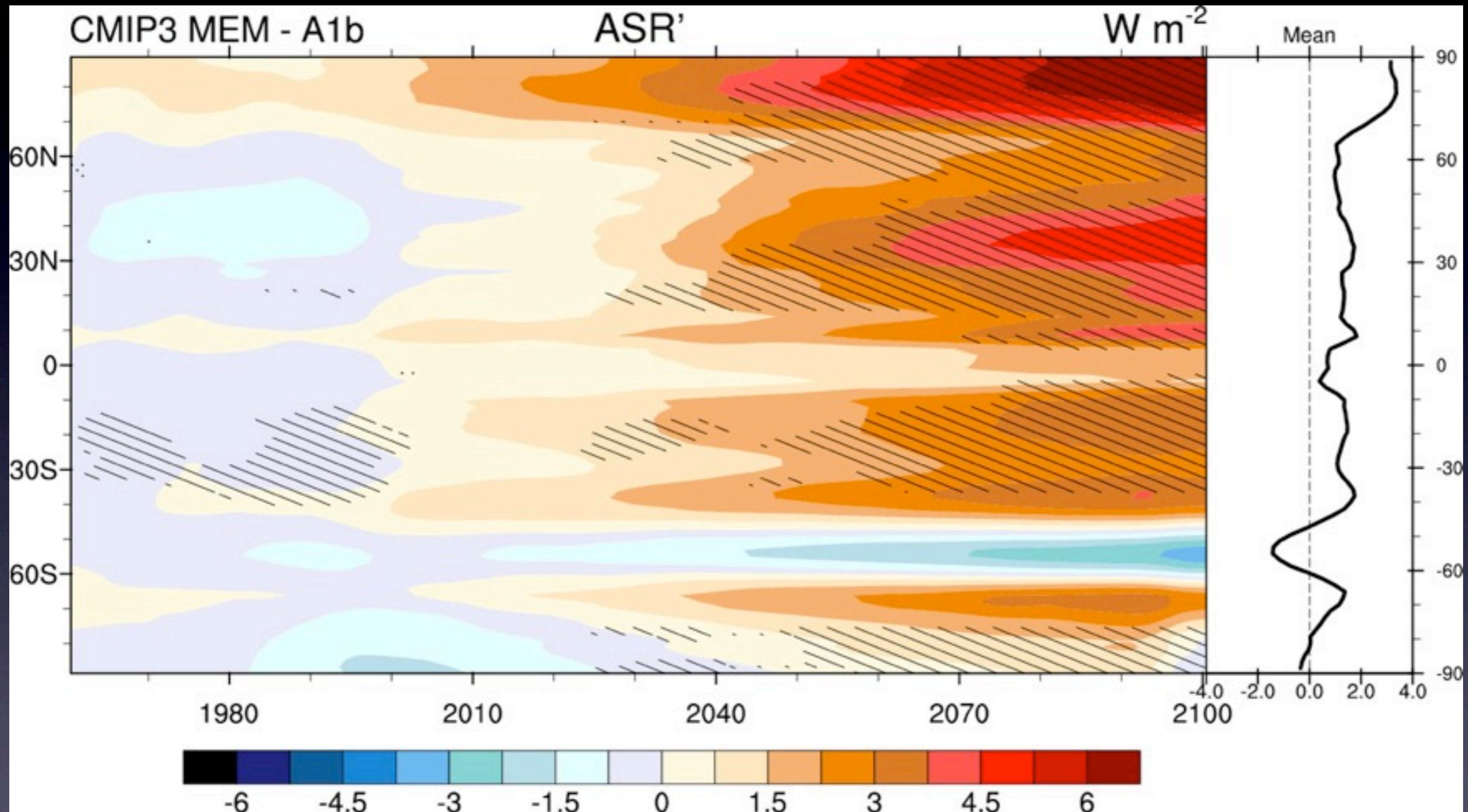
- Planetary Imbalance >0 , 50N-50S, ice-albedo feedback suggested to be weak

Lat/Time Structure of OLR Anomalies



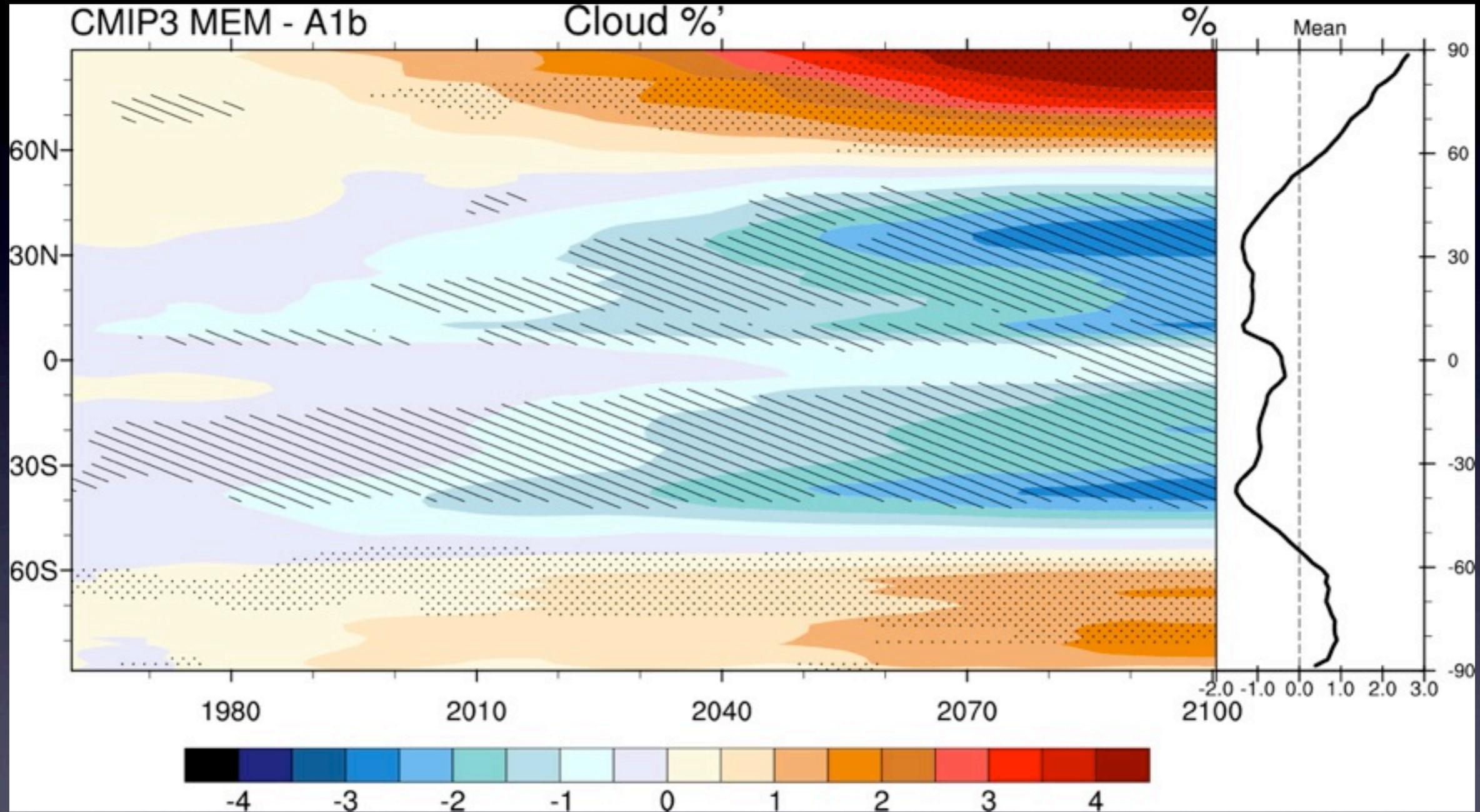
- OLR anomalies > 0 except for deep tropics and southern oceans

Lat/Time Structure of ASR Anomalies



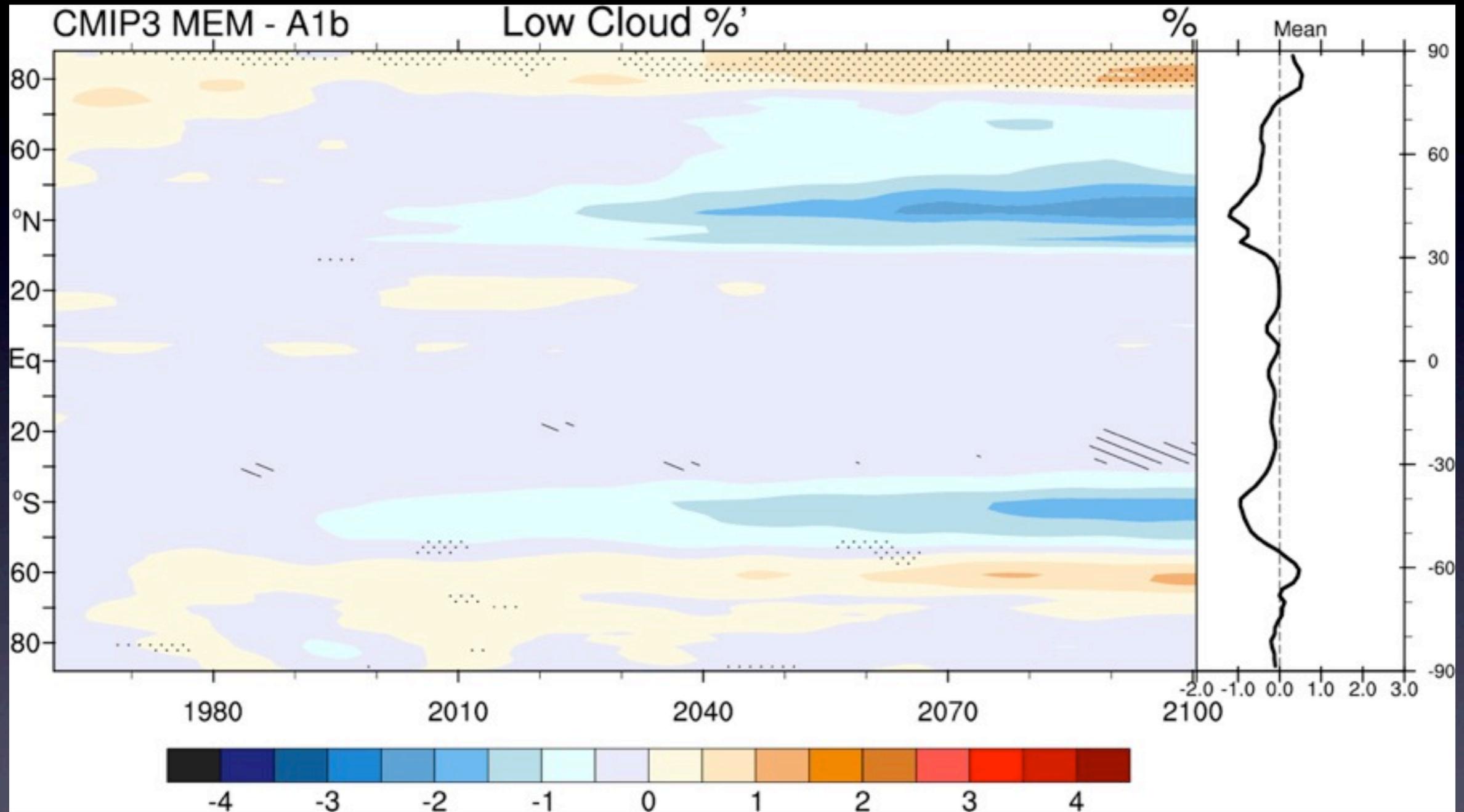
- ASR increases at all latitudes except 45-65S

Lat/Time Structure of Cloud %



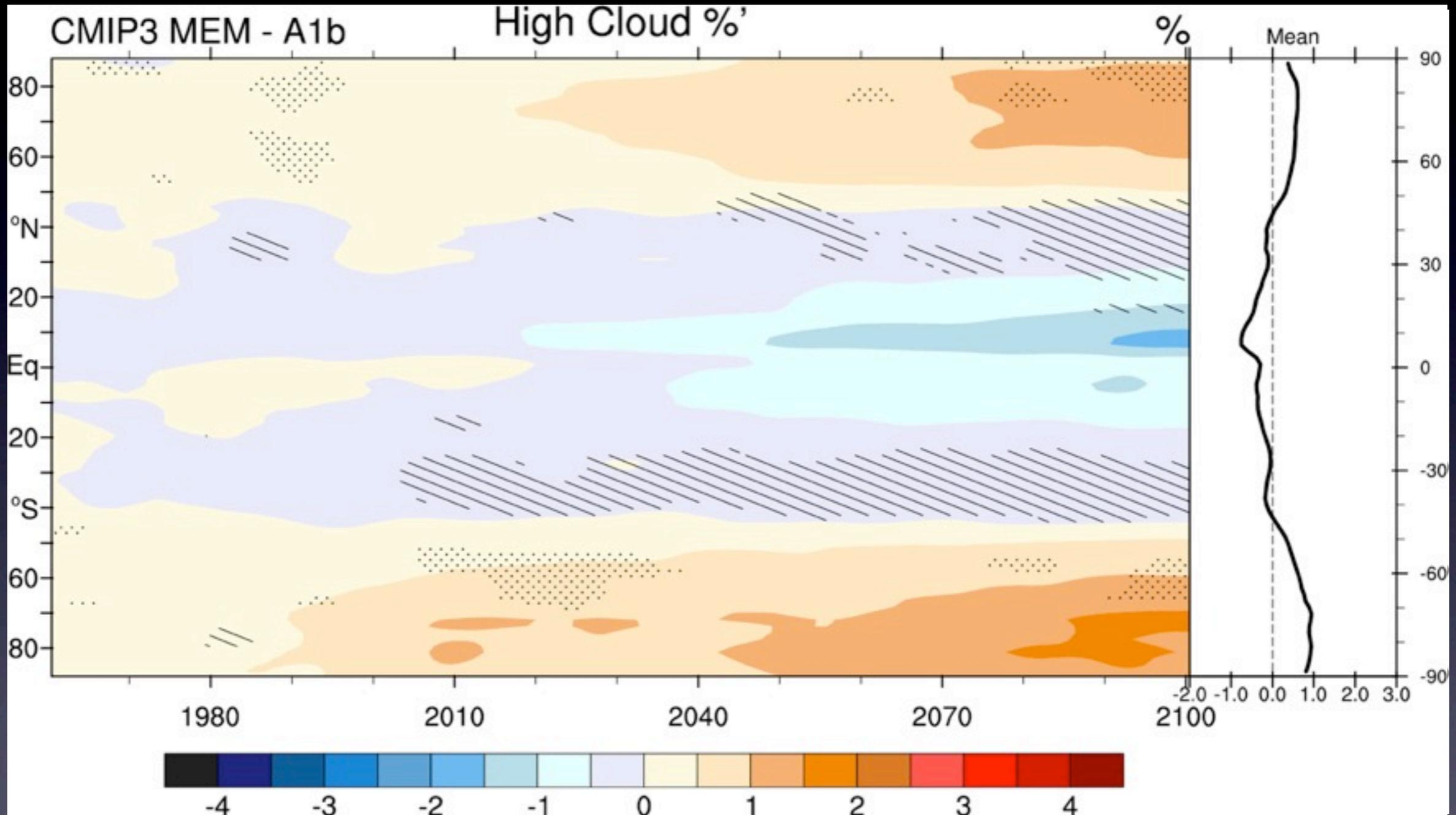
- In regions of R_T and ASR increase, cloud change is < 0

Lat/Time Structure of Cloud %



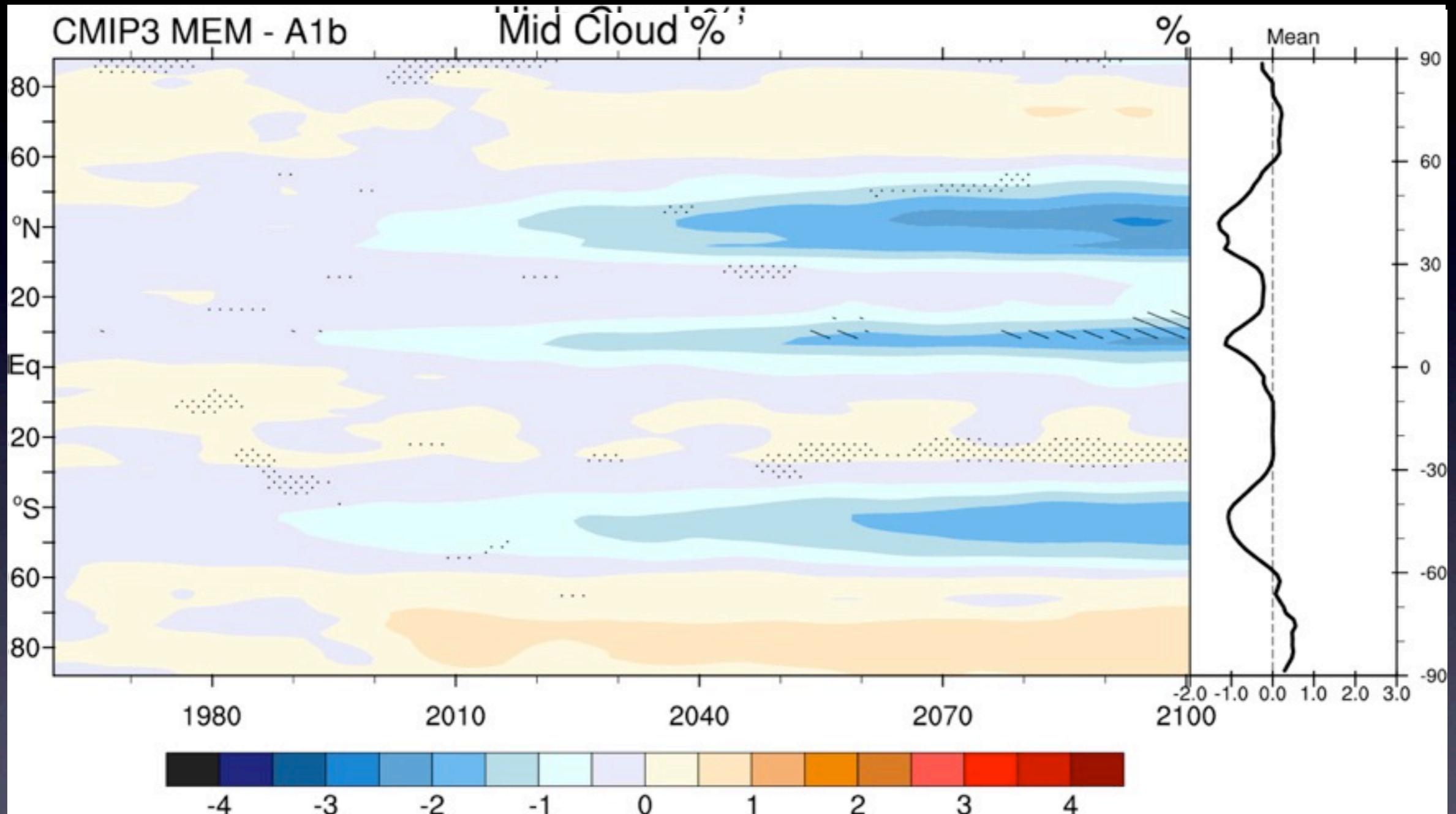
- Loss of mid-level clouds is more intense and extensive than for other types.

Lat/Time Structure of Cloud %



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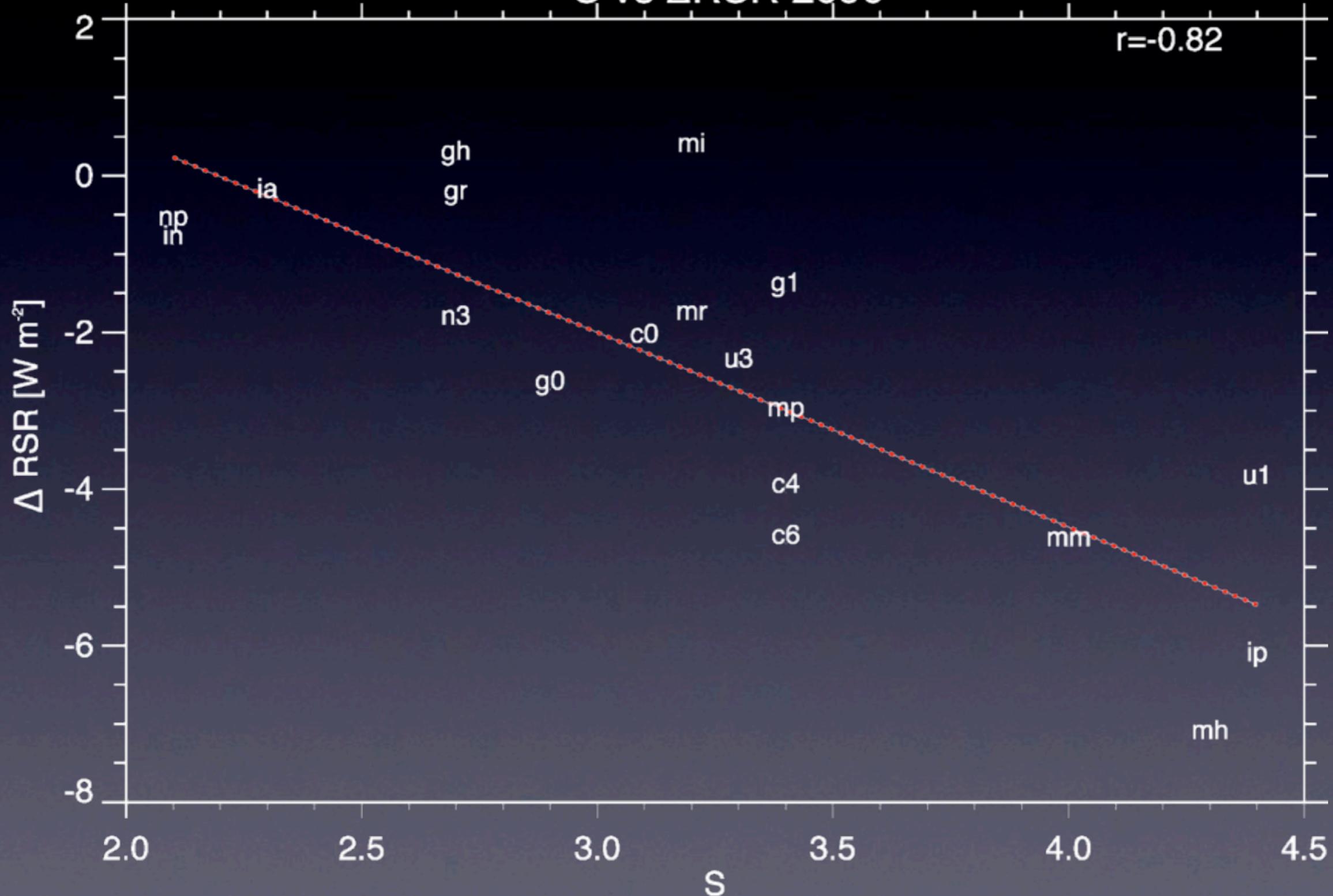
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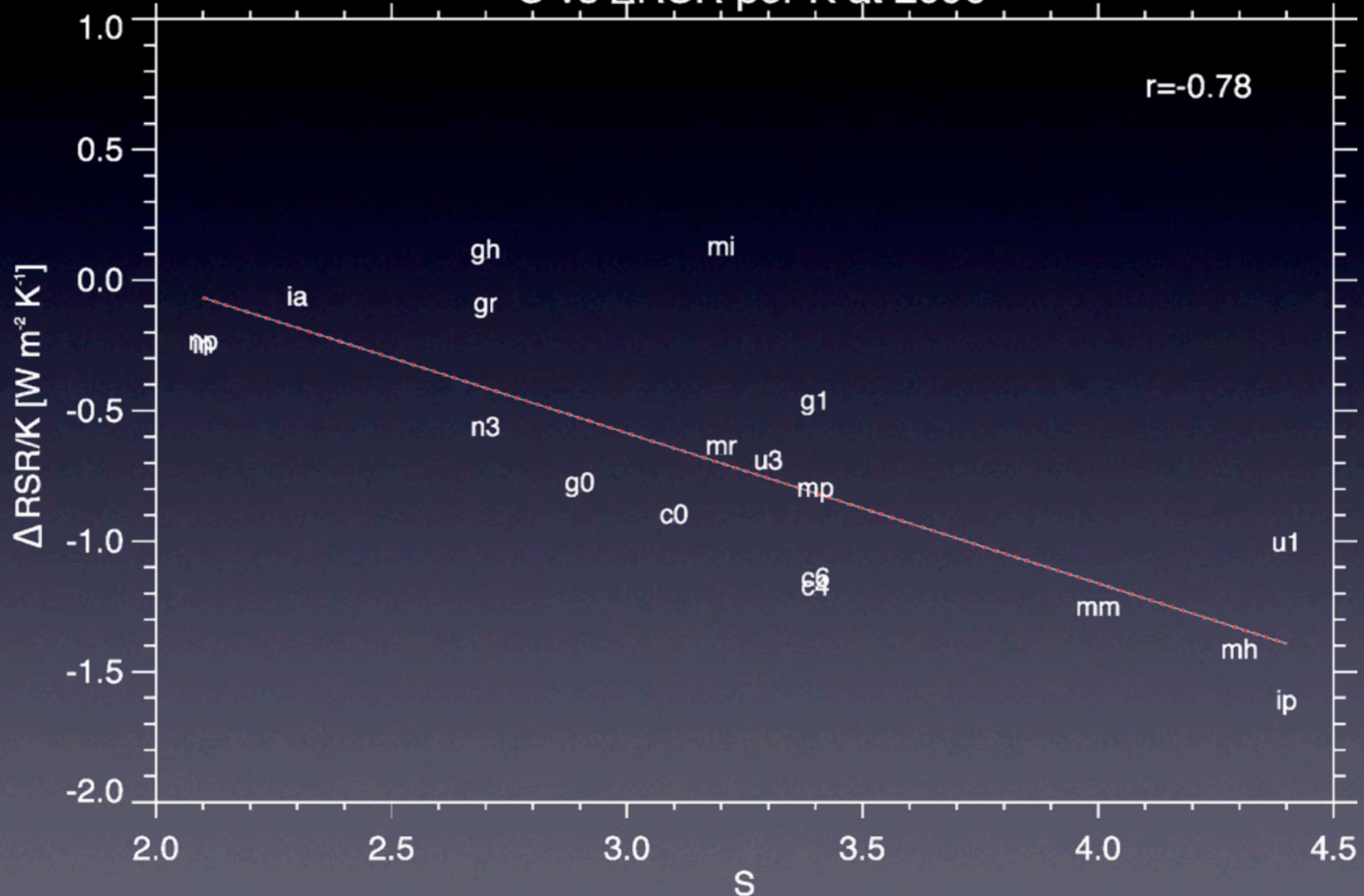
Relationship to Sensitivity

S vs Δ RSR 2090

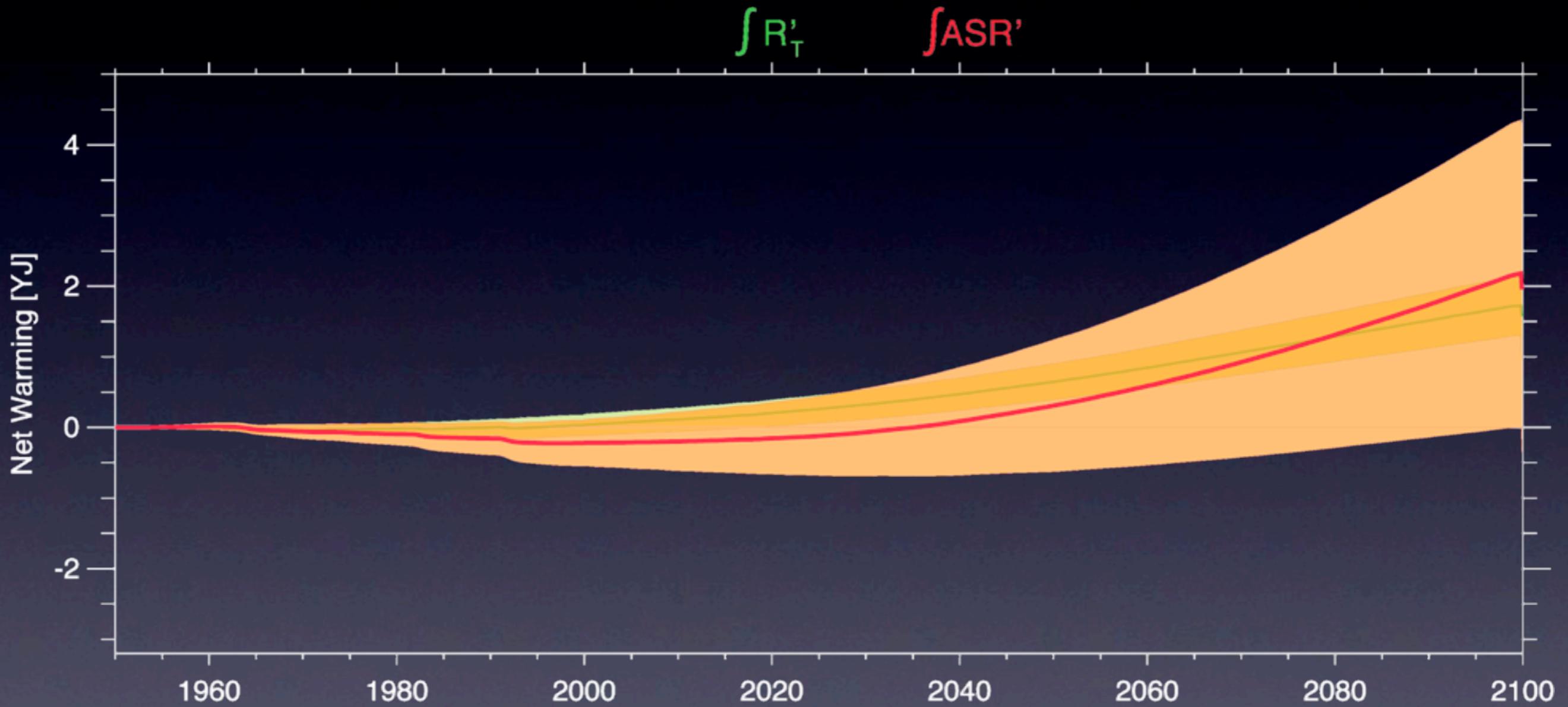


Relationship to Sensitivity

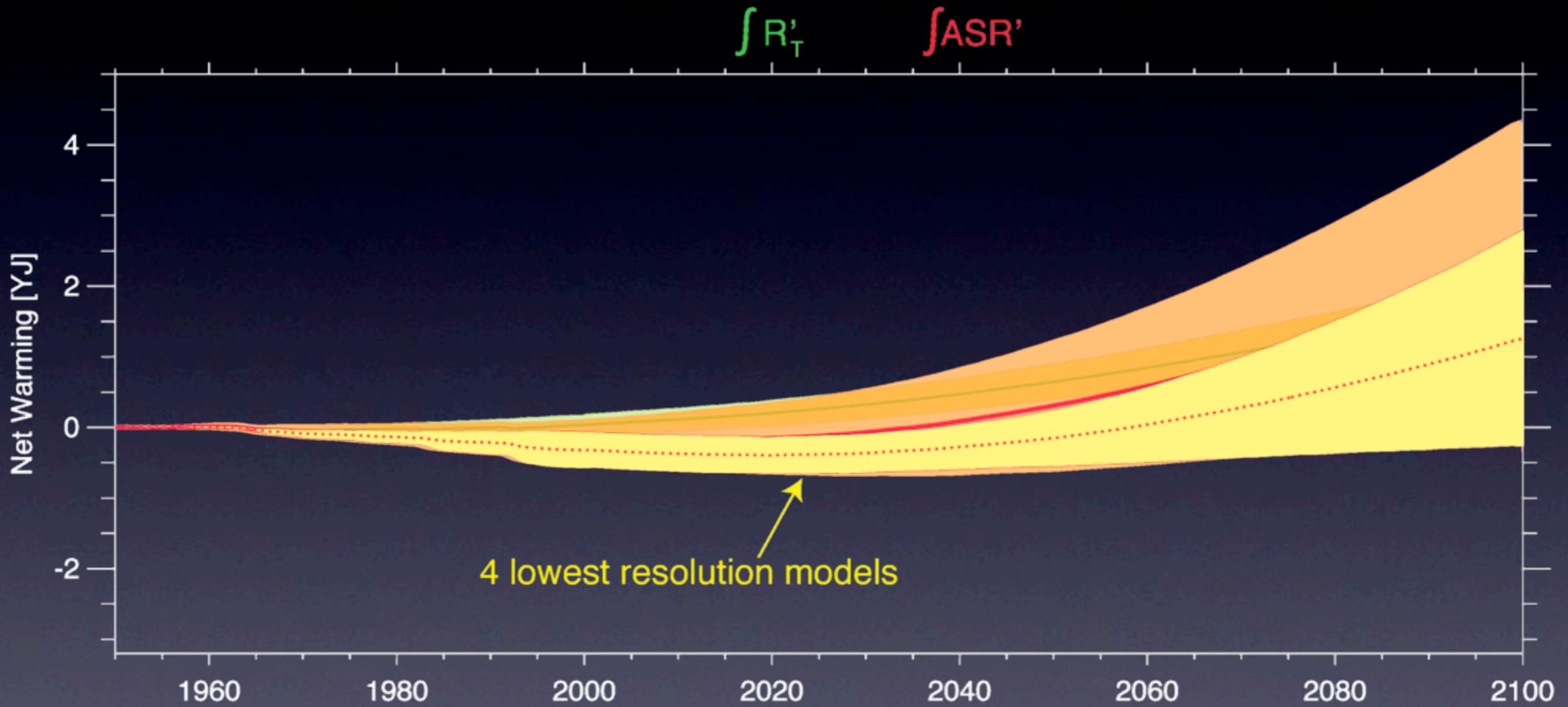
S vs ΔRSR per K at 2090



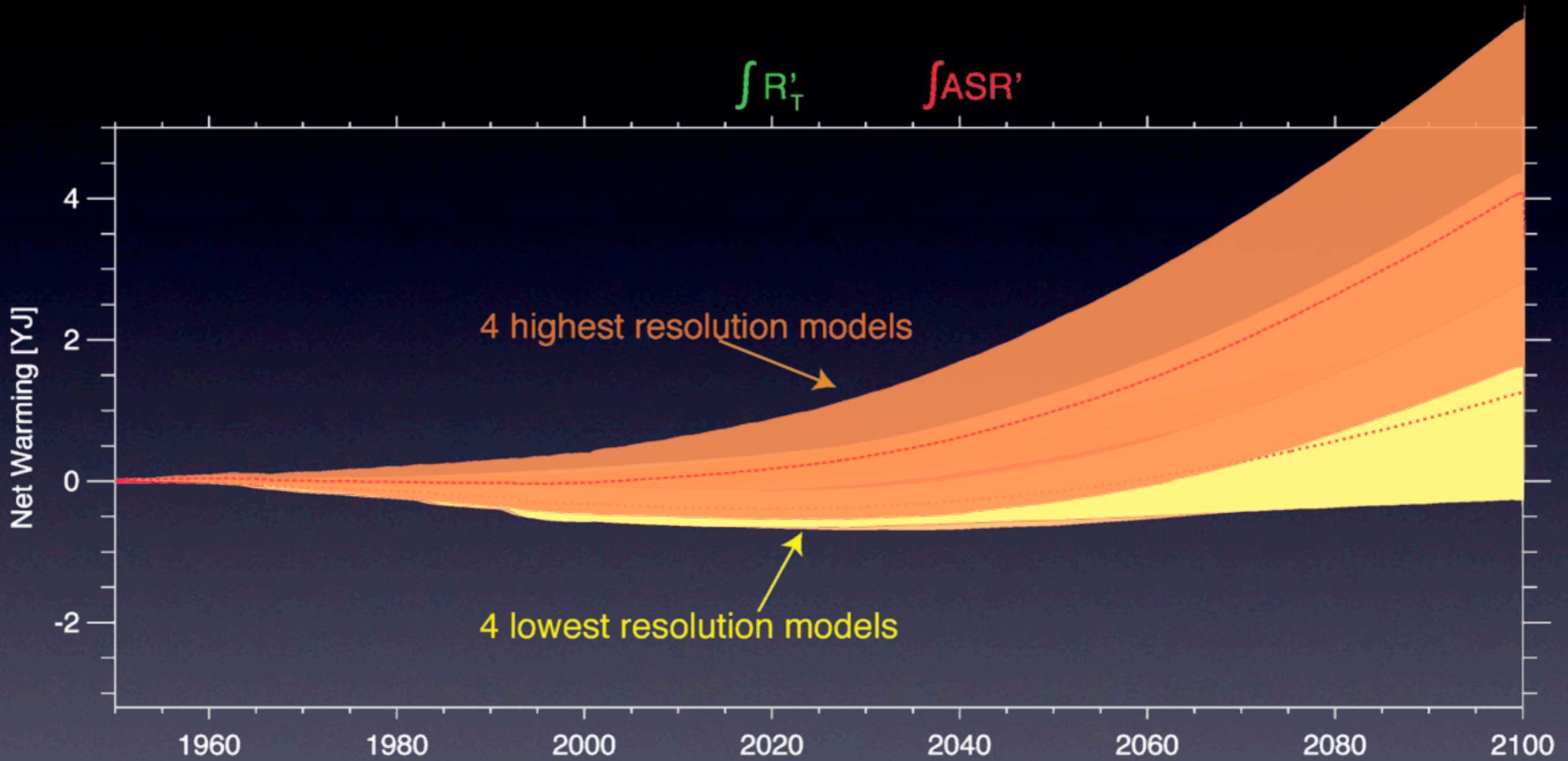
Role of Model Resolution



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Conclusions: Set I

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- Spectral contributions to the planetary imbalance evolve.
 - LW 20th and early 21st centuries
 - SW mid- to late-21st century and beyond
 - (LW is a net negative feedback)

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- Spectral contributions to the planetary imbalance evolve.
 - LW 20th and early 21st centuries
 - SW mid- to late-21st century and beyond
 - (LW is a net negative feedback)
- Cloud loss largely drives the reduction in Albedo

Conclusions: Set 2

- Cloud loss sensitivity largely determines S
- Large implications for efforts to gauge sensitivity based on present-day variability. Models suggest that current warming is NOT driven or distinguished by the processes that primarily determine S .